

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U
625	3516	1	36					15	358											95
624	3517	2	37					16	359											96
623	3518	3	38					17	360											97
622	3519	4	39					18	361											98
621	3520	5	40					19	362	2										99
620	3521	6	41					20	363	3										100
619	3522	7	42					21	364	4										101
618	3523	1	43					22	365	5										102
617	3524	2	44					23	366	6										103
616	3525	3	45					24	367	7										104
615	3526	4	46					25	368	8										105
614	3527	5	47					26	369	9										106
613	3528	6	48					27	370	10										107
612	3529	7	49					28	371	11										108
611	3530	1	1/50					29	372	12										109
610	3531	2	2					30	373	13										110
609	3532	3	3					31	374	14										111
608	3533	4	4	28				32	375	15										112
607		5	5	29				33	376	16										113

cf. British Museum Tablet No. 25127, and Finegan §429 on the accession of Nabopolassar.

Nabopolassar

KJV Ezekiel 1:1 Now it came to pass in the **thirtieth year**, in the fourth month, in the fifth day of the month, as I was among the captives by the river of Chebar, that the heavens were opened, and I saw visions of God.

The synchronisms of the 18th year prove beyond a doubt that a fall-epoch year is in use.

**Passover Reformation Era**

KJV 2 Kings 22:3ff And it came to pass in the **eighteenth year** of king Josiah, that .... Hilkiah the high priest said unto Shaphan the scribe, I have found the book of the law in the house of Yahweh.

KJV 2 Kings 23:22 Surely there was not holden such a passover from the days of the judges that judged Israel, nor in all the days of the kings of Israel, nor of the kings of Judah; 23 But **in the eighteenth year** of king Josiah, wherein this passover was holden to Yahweh in Jerusalem.

**Scroll Legend**

- A B.C. Years
- B Year of World
- C Sabbatic Periods
- D Sabbath Year
- E Seasons
- F Jubilee Period
- G Sabbath Year
- H Jubilee Year
- F 40 year sin of Judah
- G Broken Sabbath Years
- I Josiah
- I Jehoahaz
- I Jehoiakim
- I 390 year disruption era
- J Ezekiel 1:1 era
- J Jeremiah's 23 year era
- S Nabopolassar
- T Assyria
- U Seven times punishment

cf. British Museum Tablet No. 21901 on the destruction of Nineveh, the 14th year of Nabopolassar, in the month of Av. See Finegan §429.

Nineveh, the capital of Assyria fell in the fifth month in 612 B.C. just weeks before the Jubilee trumpet. Isaiah 27:13 prophesies the fall of Assyria and Egypt and says their subjects gain freedom in the year of Jubilee. The Fall of Nineveh was a partial fulfillment of this.

KJV Isaiah 27:13 And it shall come to pass in that day, that **the great trumpet shall be blown**, and they shall come which were ready to perish in the land of Assyria, and the outcasts in the land of Egypt, and shall worship YHWH in the holy mount at Jerusalem.

KJV Ezekiel 4:6 And when thou hast accomplished them, lie again on thy right side, and thou shalt bear **the iniquity of the house of Judah forty days: I have appointed thee each day for a year.**

In his 16th year, Nabopolassar drove Ashur-uballit out of Haran (BM 21901). In the 17th year of Nabopolassar, Ashur-uballit tried to reconquer Haran with the help of Pharaoh Necho II. Necho killed Josiah on his way to help the Assyrian King in the summer of 609 B.C. In the 18th Year, Nabopolassar fought against Urartu in the north from Elull to Tevet. The 31st year of Josiah is thus secured for 610/609. See Finegan §430.

KJV 2 Kings 23:31 Jehoahaz was twenty and three years old when he began to reign; and **he reigned three months** in Jerusalem.

KJV 2 Kings 23:36 Jehoiakim was twenty and five years old when he began to reign; and **he reigned eleven years** in Jerusalem.